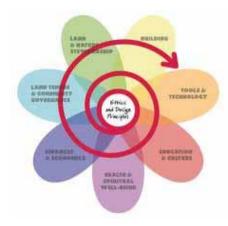
# The Future of Food CONTROL Permacultures Partnership

#### What is Permaculture?



Permacultuur is a creative designproces that is based on ethical- and designprincipels.

It leads to the mimicing of paterns and relationships in nature, that can be applied to all aspects of human action: from agriculture to ecological building, from technology to education and economy.

## Permaculture-principles



1 Observe and interact



2 Catch and Store Energy 3 Obtain a yield



4 Apply Self-regulation and Accept Feed-



5 Use and Value Renewable Resources and Services



6 Produce no waste 7 Design from Patterns to Details



8 Integrate rather than Segragate
9 Small and Slow Solutions

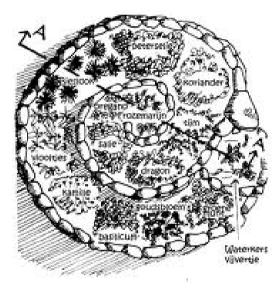


10 Use and Value Diversity



11 Use Edges and Value the Marginal12 Creatively Use and Respond to Change

### **Herbspiral**

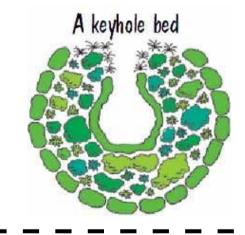


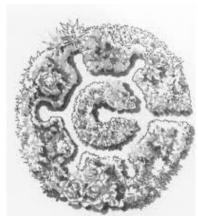
Herbspirals are used for kitchen-, tea- and medicinal herbs. By building in heights, microclimate (warm and dry or wet and cool spots) is created. Creating space for small gardens.

#### The Hügelbeet

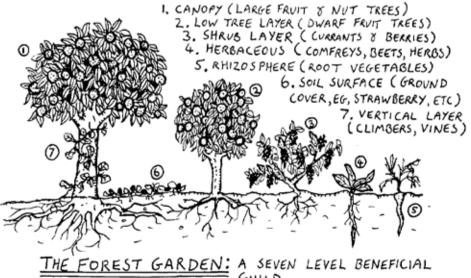


#### **Keyhole Beds**





#### **Food Forests**



# © 0 8

2 inches of straw, leaves, or other seedless mulch

5 inches of well-aged compost
4 inches manure or other
nitrogenous material
8-12 inches of hay, stable bedding,
or other bulk organic matter
newspaper (1/2 inch or more) or
cardboard, overlapping
soil amendments (blood meal, bone
meal, manure)
slashed or mowed vegetation
soil surface
roots, cracks, moistened soil



This project has been funded with support from the European Commission. This publication/communication reflects the views only of the author, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein.